

# **AG10 potently and selectively stabilizes transthyretin in vitro and upon oral dosing in dogs: Potential for treating transthyretin amyloidosis**

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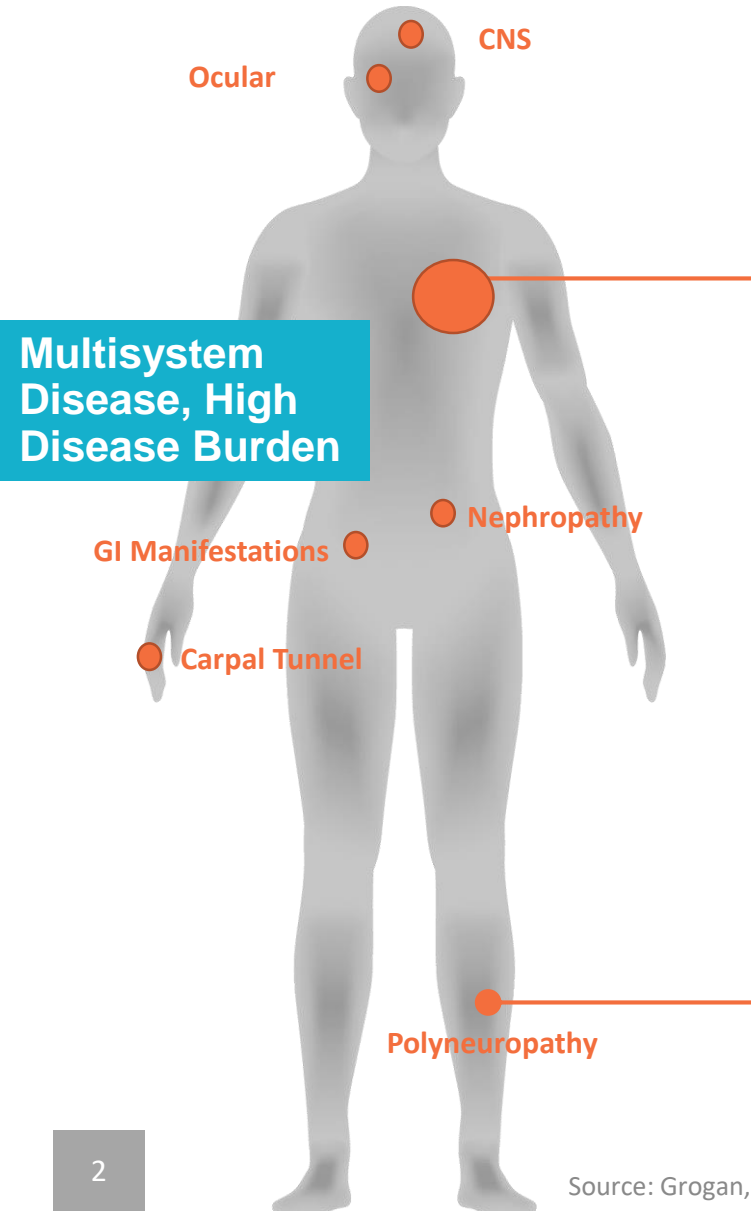
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eidos  
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# High unmet medical need



## ATTR cardiomyopathy (ATTR-CM)

- Deposition of mutant (e.g., V122I) or wild-type TTR amyloid in the heart
  - Leads to predominantly diastolic heart failure
  - Afib/stroke and heart block frequently seen
- Affects 200K+ worldwide, likely underdiagnosed
- Late onset (50-60+), death within 4-6 years
- No FDA-approved treatments

## ATTR polyneuropathy (ATTR-PN)

- Affects ~10K worldwide, primarily in EU and JP
- Exclusively caused by mutant TTR (e.g., V30M)
- No FDA-approved treatments

# Disease mechanism and therapeutic approach

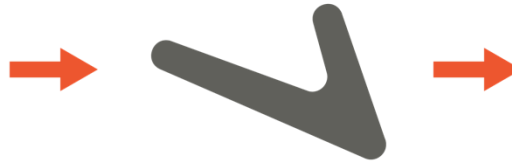


## Disease mechanism

Native TTR tetramer



Dissociation into monomers  
initiates pathogenesis



Monomers aggregate,  
deposited as amyloid

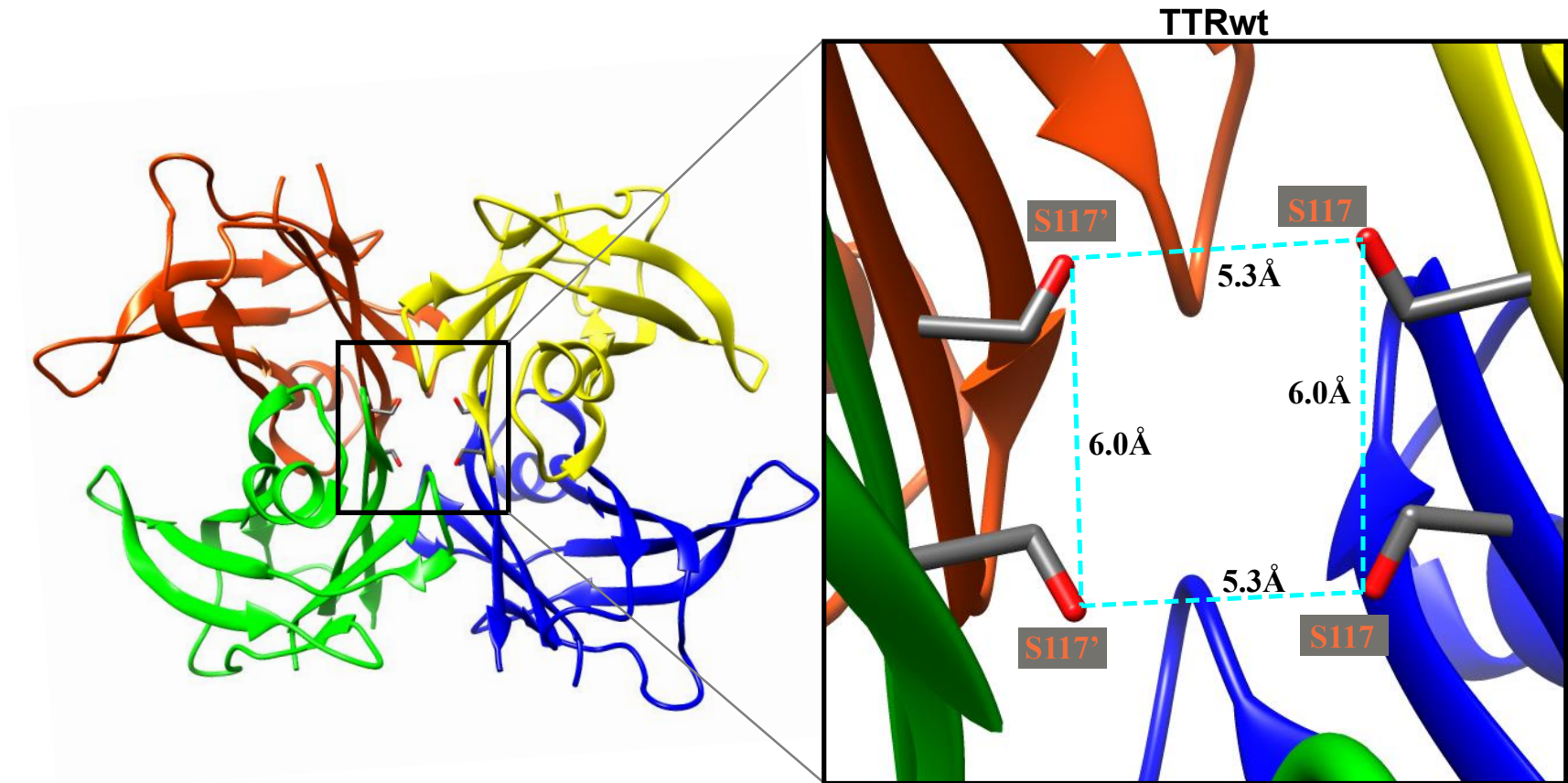


## Therapeutic hypothesis

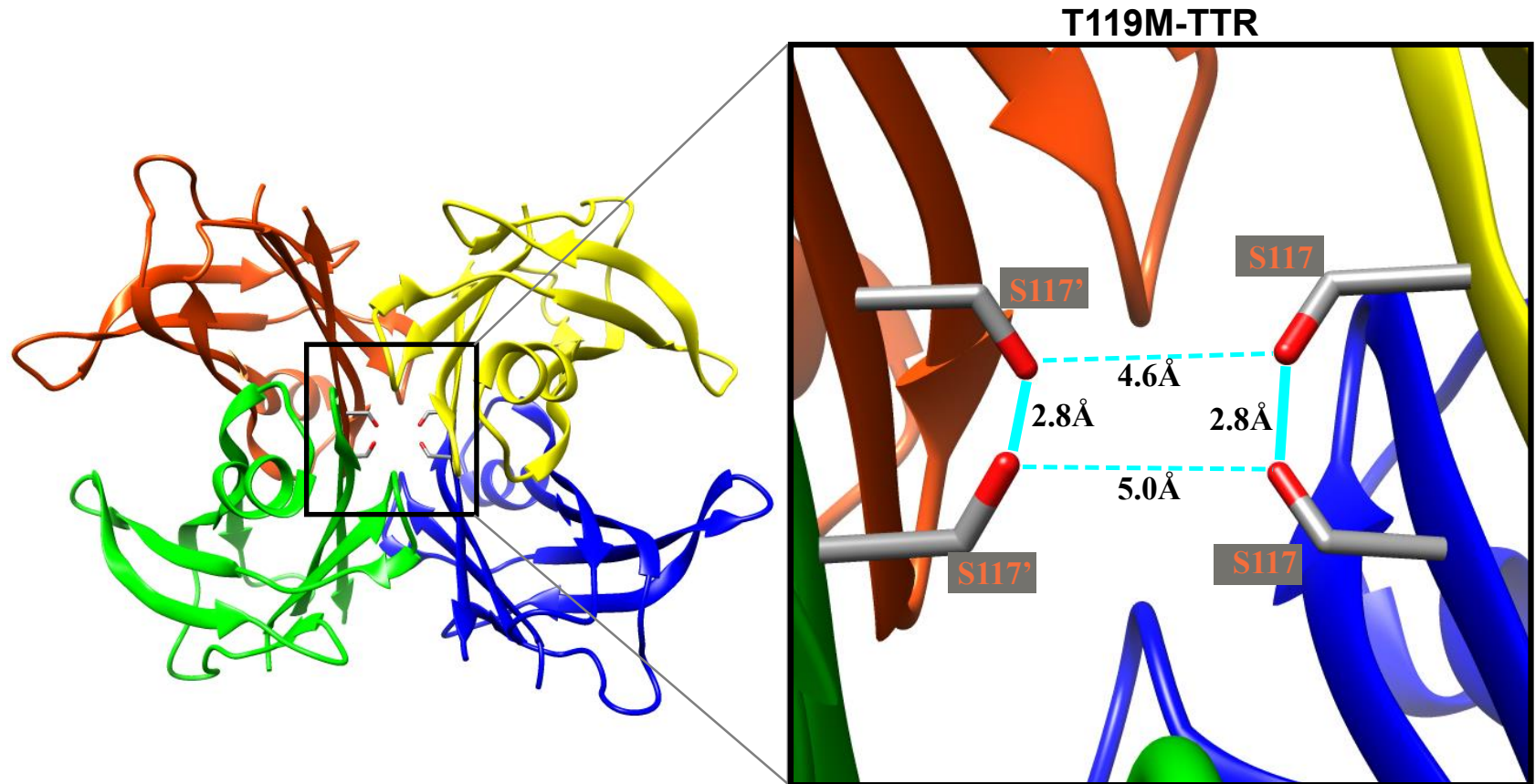


**Stable tetramer**  
**Reduced amyloid**  
**formation and deposition**

# AG10 stabilizes TTR by mimicking the disease suppressing T119M variant

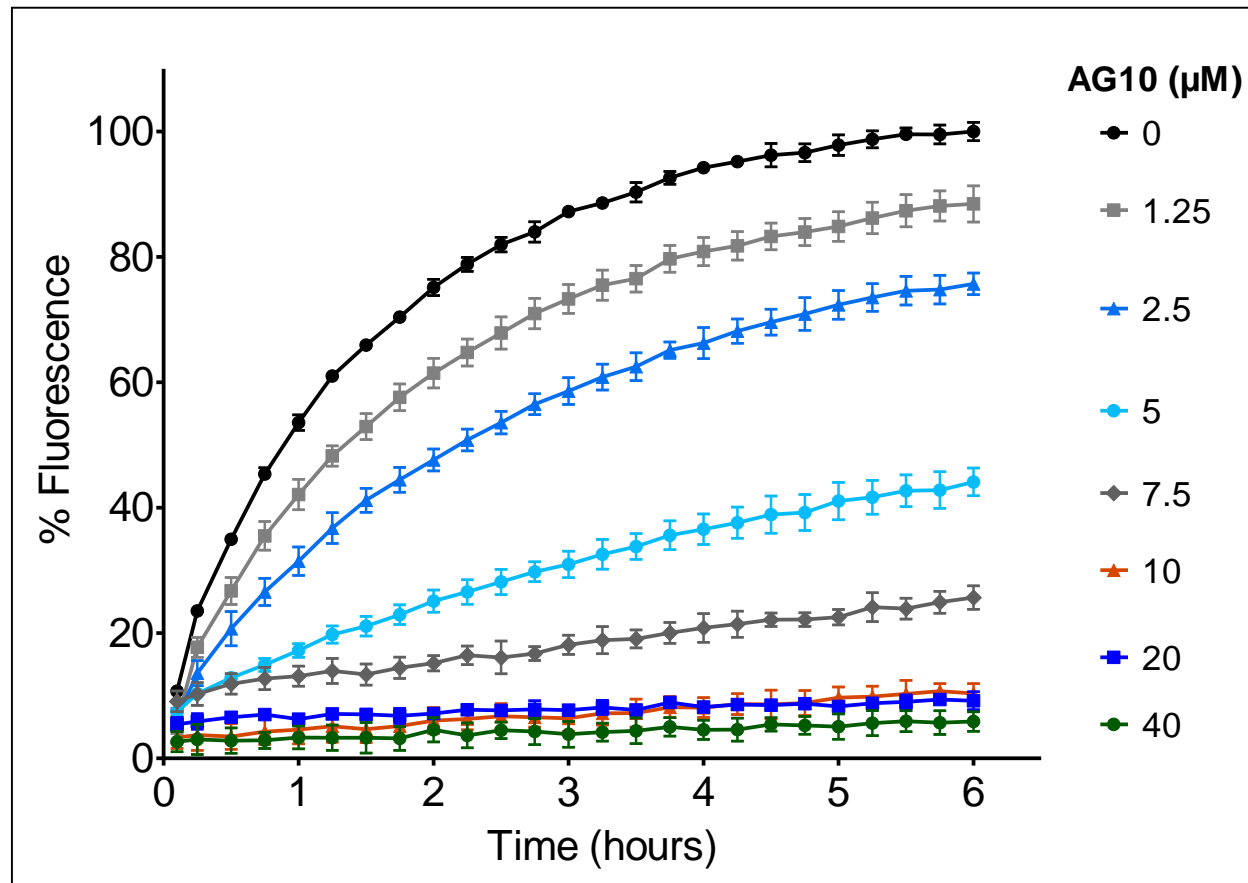


# AG10 stabilizes TTR by mimicking the disease suppressing T119M variant



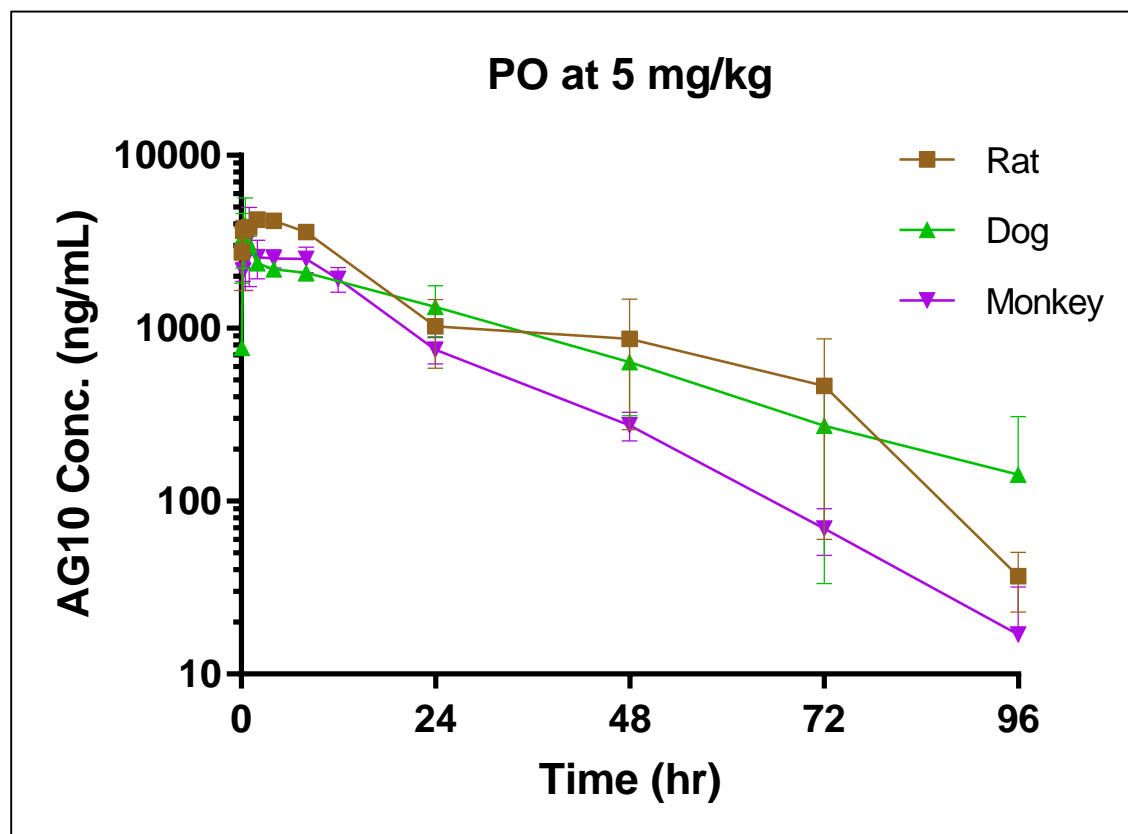


# AG10 Dose Responsively stabilizes TTR in Human Serum



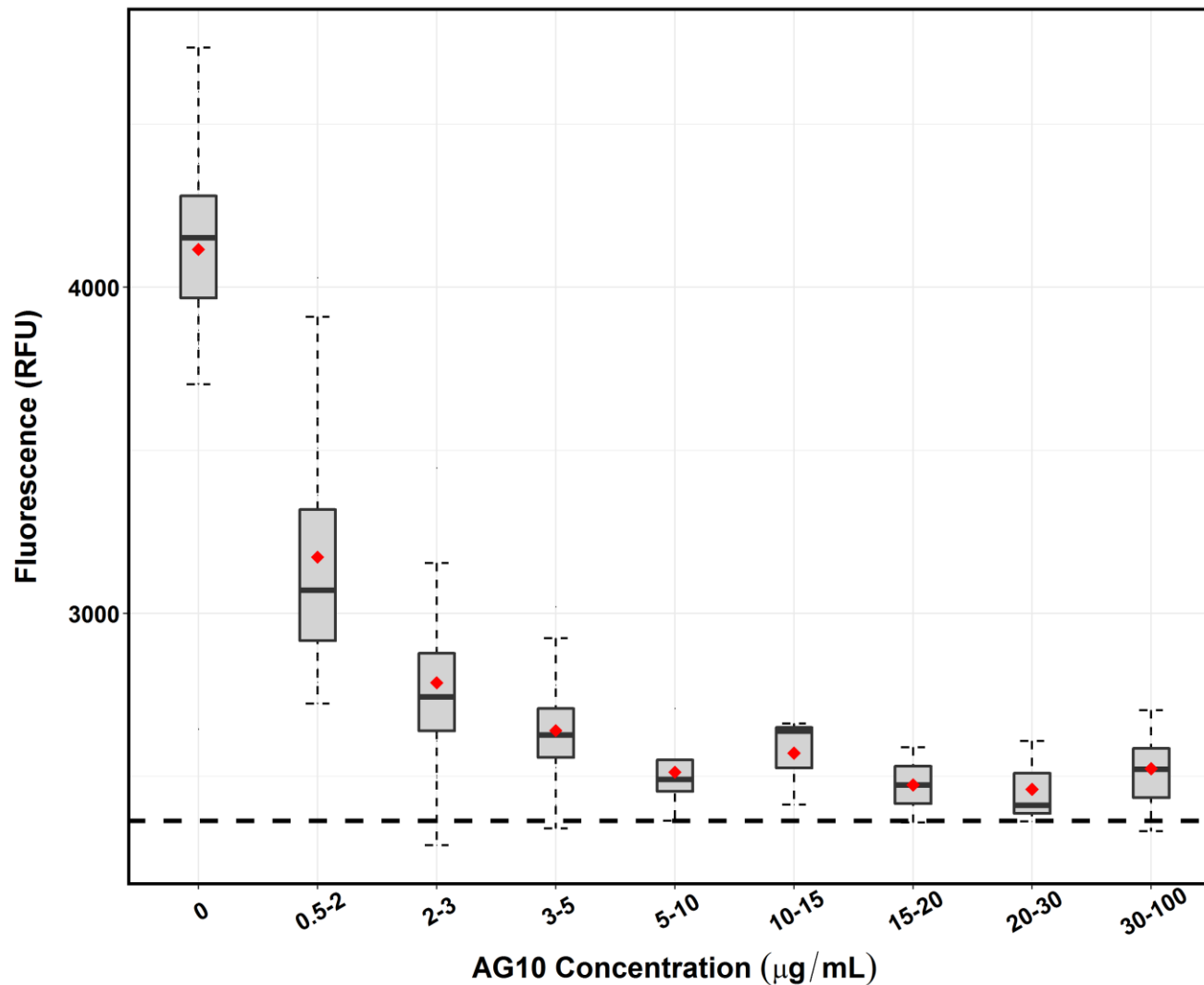
- AG10 binds to TTR at native ligand binding sites
- Fluorescence probe binding assay correlates to other measures of stabilization

# Pharmacokinetics of Orally Dosed AG10



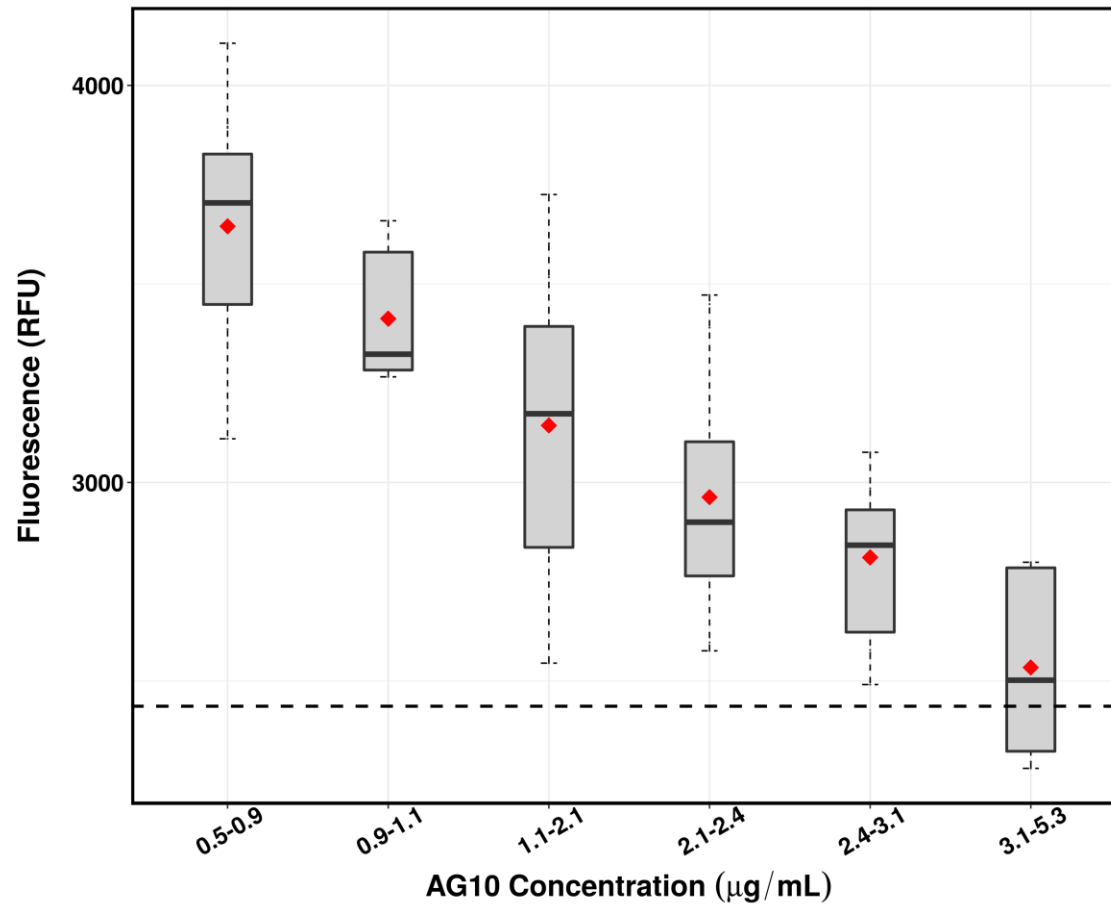
- Low systemic clearance and volume of distribution in all species tested
- Absolute oral bioavailability = 31% – 60 %

# Orally administered AG10 effectively stabilizes TTR in Dogs



Dashed line = Background RFU  
Line = Median,  $\blacklozenge$  = Mean

# AG10 effectively stabilizes TTR in Monkeys



Dashed line = Background RFU  
Line = Median,  $\blacklozenge$  = Mean



- AG10, a small molecule transthyretin stabilizer, targets disease at its source
  - TTR mutants with decreased stability predisposes patients to disease, whereas T119M TTR is stabilizing and protective
  - AG10 binding to TTR mimics structure of T119M variant
  - Animal PK shows consistent exposure across species
  - Dog and monkey PD measurements show dose-dependent TTR stabilization
  
- Phase 1 trial in healthy volunteers is in progress
  - Establish tolerability and PK profile
  - Measure TTR stabilization

# Acknowledgement

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